All India Maha Mock: IBPS Clerk Pre 10th December
(Based on 5th December)

Directions (1-8) Read the given passage carefully and answer the following questions. Certain parts have been highlighted to help answer the questions.

The advent of COVID-19 has created an unparalleled, never before global health and economic crisis which the world was not ready to face or ever predicted. Most of the world population went on lockdown to stop the spread of COVID-19 which has claimed more than a million lives already and sparked fear of the worst global recession since the great depression. This has had a profound impact on businesses and workplace, as well as the mental and physical well-being of every corporate worker in the world. Over the last six to eight months, it has become apparent that coming out of this crisis will be slow and require hard work. In fact, 86% of Fortune 500 CEOs believe economic activity will not return to pre-pandemic levels before the first quarter of 2022. The metamorphosis of the workplace and its future has clearly emerged as an area of debate, experiments, theories and many speculations. Somewhere deep there seem to be no clear answers available to social scientists, corporate leaders, workplace consultants, HR Gurus, management professors and psychologists as we lose normalcy in our daily lives. In this situation, few scenarios will clearly get **reflective** in workplaces across industry.

As days pass by, we are going to see more and more employers embrace flexibility around working from home and having virtual teams. Contrary to their earlier assumptions, they will find out that providing these flexibilities are not impossible tasks. In fact, it may even come with benefits of not having to commute and getting to work where you want. The debate and argument around the fact that a lot of work done in large shared offices could better be done at home will gain ground. The so-called future work visionaries, who are fond of their sweat pant and shorts, will find COVID-19 giving wings to their ideas. The preliminary results say a lot of work can be done at home; and with many people seem even preferring it. The reality is, until social-distancing guidance ends, offices cannot work at full steam. The average office can work with 25-60% of its staff while maintaining a two-metre (six-foot) distance between workers. This will clearly see the emergence of new ways of working or workplace design. The counter argument remains in this quest for safety, freedom, increased productivity and low cost, organisations will see a huge impact on camaraderie, engagement, culture and mental health of their people. In fact, some companies which have tried large-scale remote working in the past have ultimately abandoned it, including Yahoo, a technology firm, in 2013. "Some of the best decisions and insights come from hallway and cafeteria discussions, meeting new people, and impromptu team meetings," a leaked internal memo read that year. Thus, as a counterview, home place can never work as an alternative to the workplace.

This pandemic has pushed corporate leaders to shift their leadership style from being in the command-and-control zone to a more vulnerable zone of flexibility. Compassion is the need of the hour in COVID-19 times. This is a great time for leaders to be more hands-off when it comes to scheduling and planning to be a little bit more hands-on in figuring out how their people are doing on a day-to-day basis. The leaders must *be inclusive in action and thoughts. Even if some people are in the office, hold all-team meetings online to be fair to everyone*. Creating a heart-to-heart connection with employees will define future leadership success.

In the post-COVID-19, we will also see the techie gig workers of the new normal world emerging in large numbers. These are people who will focus on short-term projects, work for a few months and then leave for a long Himalayan hike. Multiple employment **opportunities** may emerge as a new norm with the government being forced to come out with new amendments in labour laws to support the newfound gig world. Thus, a new redefined metamorphosis of the workplace will emerge with a clear mindset shift of workers at all levels in the corporate **hierarchy.**

Q1. According to the passage, which fields are badly affected by the COVID-19 pandemic?
(a) Global health
(b) Economic systems
(c) Private firms
(d) Business Corporate houses
(e) All of the above

Q2. There are some arguments and counter-arguments related to work from home regime mentioned in the passage. Which of the following options are **NOT** mentioned?
(a) Work from home is more flexible.
(b) Impact on mutual trust and friendship among colleagues.
(c) Employees get the benefit of not commuting
(d) Work from home can lead to affect the mental health of employees.
(e) All are mentioned

Q3. Author has mentioned some post-COVID-19 scenarios in the passage, which of the following are mentioned?
(a) Temporary positions will become common
(b) Organizations will hire independent workers for short-term commitments.
(c) Amendments in labour laws to support the newly emerged independent workers
(d) Rigid adherence to work schedule offered by the firm
(e) Only (a), (b) and (c)

Q4. Why does some companies have abandoned the practice of working from home?
(i) They believe the marginal productivity of an employee reduces while working from home
(ii) Impromptu meetings, hallway and cafeteria discussions can sometimes deliver the best decisions and insights.
(iii) The overall cost increases while the profit decreases in large-scale remote working practice.
(a) Only (i)
(b) Both (ii) and (iii)
(c) Only (ii)
(d) All (i) (ii) and (iii)
(e) None of these

Q5. What does the sentence – "*Be inclusive in action and thoughts. Even if some people are in the office, hold all-team meetings online to be fair to everyone"* infer from the context of the passage?
(a) The corporate leader is the supreme, and he has the authority to exclude people from his team
(b) The corporate leader need not be emphatic to the workers, as it's a competitive market
(c) As a good leader, it is advisable to include everyone in the process of growth of the firm
(d) Only (a) and (b)
(e) None of the above

Q6. Which of the following is the most appropriate synonym of the word- HEIRARCHY?
(a) Disorder
(b) Order
(c) Horizontal distribution
(d) Ranking
(e) Both (b) and (d)

Q7. Which of the following is the most appropriate synonym of the word- REFLECTIVE?
(a) Ignorant
(b) Indifferent
(c) Un-sympathetic
(d) Consequence
(e) Non-resultant

Q8. Which of the following is the most appropriate antonym of the word- OPPORTUNITIES?
(a) Chance
(b) Fortune
(c) Windfall
(d) A major break
(e) Closure

Directions (9-13): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is 'No error', the answer is e). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any.)

Q9. (a)The devastating experiences / (b) of many wars taught some countries / (c) the necessary of pursuing peace / (d) at the expense of nationalist egos. /(e) No error

Q10. (a) The former superstar /(b) recently visit an orphanage, /(c) fueling speculation that / (d) she is planning to adopt a child. / (e) No error

Q11. (a) According to a new study / (b) taking steps to remain healthy and young / (c) may help delay / (d) the onset of Alzheimer's disease. / (e) No error

Q12. (a) Sediment deposit along the coast / (b) may be the primary reason for / (c) the change in conditions, / (d) but a lot more remains to be understand. / (e) No error

Q13. (a) A committee will be set up / (b) to explore the pros and cons by / a common fee structure, and will / (c) take a final decision on it within a week. / (e) No error

Directions (14-18): In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

There exists a highly unequal distribution of incomes and _(**14**)_within countries and between countries. While billions of people enjoy ___(**15**)_and good health, more than one billion people live in _(**16**)_ poverty, struggling for mere survival every day. The poorest of the poor face the daily life-and-death challenges of insufficient nutrition, lack of healthcare, unsafe shelter, lack of safe drinking water and sanitation. A grotesquely ___(**17**)___distribution of income means millions of children run the risk of dying from easily treatable diseases. Economic inequality has always been a subject of _(**18**)____.

Q14. (a) Advantages
(b) Assets
(c) Boon
(d) Liability
(e) Gist

Q15. (a) Atrophy
(b) Permanence
(c) Epoch
(d) Longevity
(e) Continuity

Q16. (a) Compact
(b) Exalted
(c) prosperous
(d) Magnificent
(e) Abject

Q17. (a) Unequal
(b) Estimable
(c) Commensurate
(d) Praising
(e) Dangerous

Q18. (a) Discourse
(b) Pontificate
(c) Review
(d) Exegesis
(e) Observation

Directions (19-22): Which of the phrases (a), (b), (c) and (d) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold letters to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (e) i.e., "No correction required" as the answer.

Q19. It was until many year later that Che Guevera became a rebel against authority.
(a) It was not until many years
(b) It was not many year
(c) Until It was many years
(d) It was till many years
(e) No correction required

Q20. The quality of food at the restaurant was rather **worst than I had expected**.
(a) worst than was expected
(b) worse than I had expected
(c) bad as I had expected
(d) worse than expectation
(e) No correction required

Q21. Their earnings are such that they find it difficult **to make both ends to meet**.
(a) to make both ends meet
(b) to makings both ends meet
(c) for making both ends to meet
(d) to make both ends for meeting
(e) No correction required

Q22. The accused now flatly denies **have admitted** his guilt in his first statement.
(a) had admitted
(b) has admitting
(c) have been admitting
(d) having admitted
(e) No correction required

Directions (23-26): In each of the questions given below a sentence is given with three words in bold. Choose the option which gives the correct sequence of these words to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

Q23. The AIIMS authorities **department(A)** a **preliminary(B)** report to the state medical and health **submitted (C)** on Monday night.
(a) BAC
(b) CBA
(c) CAB
(d) ACB
(e) None of these

Q24. There has been a **economy(A)** discussion on the state of the **growing(B)** ever since the government **released(C)** the second quarter GDP estimates.
(a) BAC
(b) CBA
(c) CAB
(d) ACB
(e) None of these

Q25. The national **lockdown(A)** simply ensured **comprehensive(B)** of policy as the Centre prepared a **parity(C)** strategy to deal with the pandemic.
(a) BAC
(b) CBA
(c) CAB
(d) ACB
(e) None of these

Q26. Anyone could see the **metalwork(A)** that went into the **received(B)** of the hand-crafted coffee table the couple **workmanship (C)** as a wedding gift.
(a) BAC
(b) CBA
(c) CAB
(d) ACB
(e) None of these

Directions (27-30): In the question given below, some sentences/phrases are given which have to be arranged in a proper sequence. Select the option which best defines the proper sequence and arranges the sentence in an appropriate way.

Q27. (A) the cabinet on Monday approved
(B) a proposal for setting up of a special training
(C) for serving MBBS physicians
(D) medical specialists in Meghalaya,
(E) With a huge shortage in
(a) DEABC
(b) EDABC
(c) No rearrangement possible
(d) AEBDC
(e) CEDAB

Q28. (A) blinked his eyes
(B) over and over again
(C) The starstruck fan was
(D) so he just stared and
(E) too shocked to speak,

(a) DEABC
(b) EDABC
(c) No rearrangement possible
(d) AEBDC
(e) CEDAB

Q29. (A) Nadia performed effortlessly
(B) while Shane struggled for
(C) he executed one properly
(D) three weeks before
(E) on her first try in ballet class
(a) DEABC
(b) EDABC
(c) No rearrangement possible
(d) AEBDC
(e) CEDAB

Q30. (A) Children upto Class 2 should not
(B) be given any homework as they
(C) are too young to sit for long hours and
(D) they should carry a bag
(E) weighing not more than 2 kg
(a) DEABC
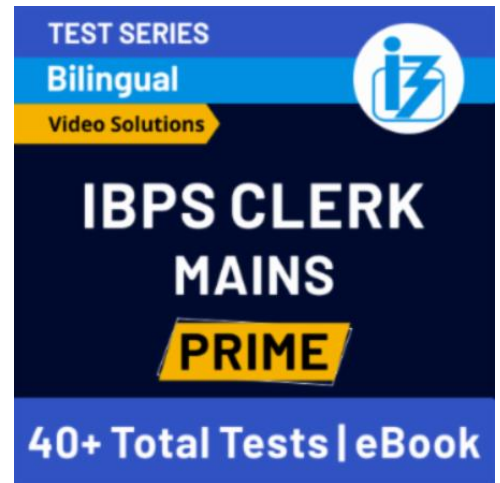(b) EDABC
(c) No rearrangement possible
(d) AEBDC
(e) CEDAB

Direction (31 – 40): What will come in the place of question (?) mark in following question.

Q31. $\sqrt{225} + \sqrt{1600} \div ? = 5^2$
(a) 8
(b) 4
(c) 2
(d) 16
(e) 6

Q32. $\sqrt{60.75 \div 0.05 \times 60} = 3^? \times 10$
(a) 6
(b) 4
(c) 2
(d) 3
(e) 5

Q33. $1\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{8} \, of \, \frac{3}{2} \times ? = 150$
(a) 120
(b) 108
(c) 100
(d) 80
(e) 132

Q34. $(2.16 \times 31.25) \div ? = 27$
(a) 2.25
(b) 2.5
(c) 2
(d) 1.75
(e) 1.5

Q35. $6080 \div 19 = ?\%$ of 256
(a) 137.5
(b) 75
(c) 150
(d) 125
(e) 175

Q36. 65% of 480 - ? +175 =350
(a) 125
(b) 129
(c) 137
(d) 147
(e) 153

Q37. $(10)^2 + \sqrt[3]{1728} \div 2 \times 16 = ?$
(a) 196
(b) 216
(c) 156
(d) 184
(e) 172

Q38. $189 + (11)^2 + (28)^2 = ? + 412$
(a) 702
(b) 692
(c) 662
(d) 682
(e) 672

Q39. $\frac{144}{?}$ + 40 % of 250 = 108
(a) 12
(b) 8
(c) 16
(d) 18
(e) 24

Q40. ? % of 480 + 108 = $(18)^2$
(a) 30
(b) 25
(c) 35
(d) 45
(e) 40

Direction (41–45): Table given below show number of students in four different months in four different institutions. Read the data carefully and answer the questions.

Institutions	March	April	May	June
A	46	32	64	52
B	44	48	36	38
C	36	40	45	60
D	56	52	50	72

Q41. Total students in A & B in March are what percent less than total students in A, B & C in June?
(a) 40%
(b) 36%
(c) 24%
(d) 30%
(e) 48%

Q42. Average number of students in D in March, April and June are how much more than average number of students in B in April & June?
(a) 15
(b) 21
(c) 19
(d) 13
(e) 17

Q43. Total students in A in March & May together are what percent more than total students in C in April & June together?
(a) 15%
(b) 12%
(c) 5%
(d) 8%
(e) 10%

Q44. Find ratio of total students in C in March & May together to total students in A in April & June Together?
(a) 27 : 29
(b) 27 : 28
(c) 26 : 27
(d) 27 : 31
(e) 9 : 10

Q45. Find total students in D in the all the given four months?
(a) 250
(b) 240
(c) 230
(d) 220
(e) 210

Q46. A train at a speed of 90 kmph crosses a pole in 25 seconds less than the time it required to cross a bridge 5 times of its length at same speed. Find the length of train.
(a) 100 meters
(b) 105 meters
(c) 120 meters
(d) 125 meters
(e) None of these.

Q47. A and B undertook to do a piece of work for Rs 5400. A alone could it in 15 days and B alone could it in 20 days. With the help of C they finished the work in 6 days. Then what is the C's share in the wage when all work together?
(a) Rs 1440
(b) Rs 1620
(c) Rs 1360
(d) Rs 1120
(e) Rs 1580

Q48. A borrowed certain sum from B for two years at SI and he lent this sum to C at the same rate for two years at Compound Interest. At the end of second year, A received Rs 550 as compound interest but paid Rs 500 as simple interest. Find the rate of interest.
(a) 25%
(b) 20%
(c) 15%
(d) 22.5%
(e) 32%

Q49. A boat cover 11.2 km distance in downstream in 48 minutes. If ratio between speed of boat in still water to speed of stream is 3 : 1, then find in what time boat will cover 42 km of distance in downstream and in upstream?
(a) 7 hours
(b) 5 hours
(c) 9 hours
(d) 10hours
(e) 3 hours

Q50. A container contains milk and water in ratio 13 : 7. When 30 lit mixture is taken out of x lit mixture and 2.5 lit of milk is added then quantity of milk becomes $66\frac{2}{3}$% of total mixture. Find 'x'.
(a) 80 lit
(b) 70 lit
(c) 90 lit
(d) 100 lit
(e) 75 lit

Q51. Ratio between age of P and Q six years ago was 3 : 7 and six years hence will be 5 : 9. Find the ratio between present age of P and Q?
(a) 2 : 3
(b) 1 : 4
(c) 1 : 3
(d) 1 : 2
(e) 1 : 5

Q52. Lokesh marks up his goods 20% above cost price and allows 25% discount on them while selling. if he sells the article for Rs 1080, then what was the cost price?
(a) Rs 1200
(b) Rs 1080
(c) Rs 1134
(d) Rs 1120
(e) Rs 1300

Q53. A and B working together can do a piece of work in 24 days, B and C working together can do the same piece of work in 15 days and A and C working together can do the same piece of work in 20 days. They all worked together for 6 days and then A and C leaves the work. How many days will B take to finish the remaining work?
(a) 15 days
(b) 8 days
(c) 12 days
(d) 21 days
(e) 18 days

Q54. Breadth of a rectangle is 14 cm less than its length and perimeter of the rectangle is 92 cm. If side of a square is two times of breadth of the rectangle, then find area of square? (in cm²)
(a) 1024
(b) 784
(c) 484
(d) 576
(e) 900

Q55. Abhi invested Rs, P in a business. After four months Sidhi joined with the capital of Rs. 2400 and Abhi double his investment. If after one-year Abhi profit share is Rs. 2000 out of total profit of Rs. 4400, then find initial investment of Abhi?
(a) 2000 Rs.
(b) 400 Rs.
(c) 1200 Rs.
(d) 800 Rs.
(e) 600 Rs.

Directions (56-60): In the following questions there are two equations given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer:
(a) if x > y
(b) if x < y
(c) if x ≥ y
(d) if x ≤ y
(e) if x = y or relation between x and y cannot be established

Q56. I. $x^2 + 9x - 22 = 0$
II. $2y^2 - 7y + 6 = 0$

Q57. I. $2y^2 - 13y - 34 = 0$
II. $3x^2 - 11x - 20 = 0$

Q58. I. $x^4 = 256$
II. $y^2 - 16y + 64 = 0$

Q59. I. $x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$
II. $y^2 - 3y + 2 = 0$

Q60. I. $x^2 + 17x + 52 = 0$
II. $y^2 + 27y + 182 = 0$

Direction (61-65): Read the given information carefully and answer the following questions.

In a family there are four members (i.e. A, B, C & D). Ratio of income of A, C & D is 4 : 3 : 6 and income of B is equal to average of the income of A & D. Expenditure of A and B is same whereas the expenditure of C & D is same. Saving of D is equal to income of A. Saving of A is Rs. 3000 more than the saving of C. Saving & expenditure of B is same.

Q61. Find the average of saving of B, C & D?
(a) Rs. 12000
(b) Rs. 15000
(c) Rs. 18000
(d) Rs. 9000
(e) Rs. 20000

Q62. Saving of A is what percent of the expenditure of C?
(a) 75%
(b) $67\frac{1}{2}$ %
(c) 87.5 %
(d) 80%
(e) 90%

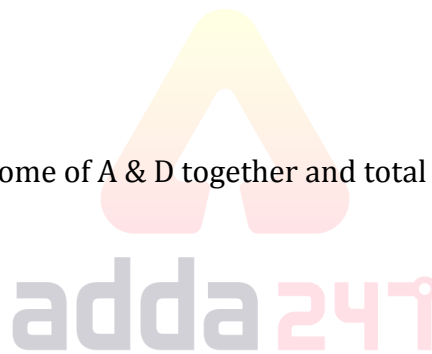**Q63.** Find difference between total income of A & D together and total income of B & C together?
(a) Rs. 10000
(b) Rs. 15000
(c) Rs. 9000
(d) Rs. 18000
(e) Rs. 12000

Q64. 45% & 40% of the total expenditure of A & B respectively are on clothes then find the total expenditure on clothes by these two?
(a) Rs. 12550
(b) Rs. 12250
(c) Rs. 12750
(d) Rs. 13250
(e) Rs. 13750

Q65. Total savings of B & D together is what percent more than the income of A?
(a) 60%
(b) 57.5%
(c) 62.5%
(d) 67.5%
(e) 75%

Direction (66-70): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Twelve persons sitting in two parallel rows containing six persons in each row in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In the first row, A, B, C, D, E and F are seated and all of them are facing south. In the second row, P, Q, R, S, T and U are seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row.

A sits 2nd to the left of D, who faces P. There is one person sits between D and F. C sits diagonally opposite to Q. Only one person sits between U and S. U faces the one who sits 2nd to the left of B. S does not face B. T sits to the right of R.

Q66. Who among the following sits 2nd to the right of E?
(a) D
(b) B
(c) C
(d) F
(e) A

Q67. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence they form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to that group?
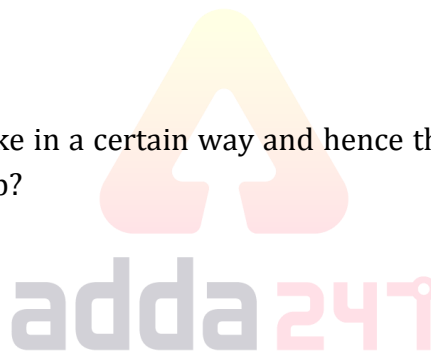(a) B
(b) U
(c) A
(d) D
(e) S

Q68. Which of the following statements is true regarding T?
(a) U sits immediate to the right of T
(b) Two persons sit between P and T
(c) E faces the one who sits immediate left of T
(d) F faces T
(e) None is true

Q69. Who among the following faces E?
(a) U
(b) P
(c) Q
(d) R
(e) S

Q70. The number of persons sitting between P and S, when counted to the left of S is same as the number of persons sitting between __ and E, when counted to the left of __?

(a) B

(b) D

(c) C

(d) F

(e) A

Directions (71-73): In each of the questions, relationships between some elements are shown in the statements. These statements are followed by conclusions numbered I and II. Read the statements and give the answer.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q71. Statements: A≤B>D=C, C>E≤F

Conclusion: I. A>C   **II.** E < B

Q72. Statements: P>Q>R=S, S≥T≤U≥V

Conclusions: I. Q>T **II.** S ≤ V

Q73. Statements: B>C>D<E=F, H≤E>G=N

Conclusions: I. F<N **II.** N > D

Directions (74-78): Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

A certain number of persons are sitting in a row facing north. M sits fourth to the left of O. Only two persons sit between M and Q. R sits second to the left of Q. S sits fourth to the right of O. Not more than five persons sit between P and Q. P sits to the right of S. Only three persons sit to the left of R.

Q74. Which of the following statement is true?

(a) M sits at an extreme end

(b) Only one person sits between M and R

(c) All are true

(d) Ten persons sits between M and S

(e) None is true

Q75. How many persons are sitting between O and Q?
(a) One
(b) Two
(c) None
(d) Three
(e) More than three

Q76. If P sits at an extreme end of the row, then how many persons are sitting in the row?
(a) Ten
(b) Twelve
(c) Thirteen
(d) Eleven
(e) More than thirteen

Q77. What is the position of S in the row?
(a) Immediate right of P
(b) Sixth to the right of Q
(c) Eighth to the left of M
(d) None of these
(e) Seventh to the right of R

Q78. If L sits exactly between S and O, then how many persons sits to the left of L?
(a) Ten
(b) Nine
(c) Eight
(d) Cannot be determined
(e) More than ten

Directions (79-82): Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the questions given below:

C E # 1 9 D 8 @ 4 S & 7 O 3 % $ Q * 5 2 A @ ^ T V $ 1 8 M B % € 5 ≠ E 7 8

Q79. How many such numbers are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a vowel but not immediately followed by a symbol?
(a) One
(b) Three
(c) Four
(d) Two
(e) None

Q80. How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately followed by a number and immediately preceded by a consonant?

(a) One

(b) None

(c) Three

(d) More than three

(e) Two

Q81. What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following series based on the above arrangement?
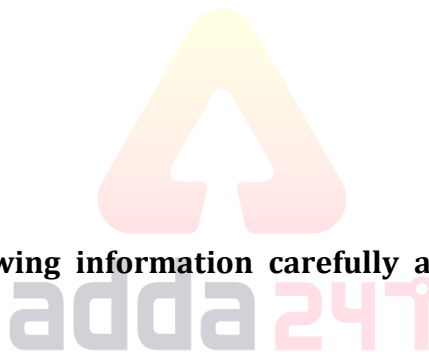
E1C 84D 73& ?

(a) 2A@

(b) T$1

(c) B8@

(d) 1SC

(e) Q5$

Q82. Which of the following element is seventh to the right of sixteenth element from the right end?

(a) @

(b) 5

(c) D

(d) %

(e) M

Direction (83-85): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

In each of the questions below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q83. Statements: Only a few Pen are Pencil. Some Pen are Eraser. No Pencil is Scale

Conclusions: I. Some Pen can never be Scale.

II. All Pencil being Pen is a possibility.

Q84. Statements: All cyan are magenta. Some magenta is not violet. All violet is Indigo.

Conclusions: I. Some violet is not magenta.

II. All magenta can be indigo.

Q85. Statements: Some two are one. Some three are two. No three is four.
Conclusions: I. Some one is not three.
II. All three are one.

Direction (86-90): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Six persons i.e., S, T, U, V, W and X of different posts i.e., DGP, MD, CEO, JE, PO and Clerk are working in an office. All the posts given are to be considered in a given order (as DGP is considered as Senior-most and Clerk is considered as the Junior-most)
S is not the PO. There are three posts between the posts of U and X. T has lower post than U. U is not a Clerk. Post of V is higher than T. V is not the CEO. X is not the PO. T is not the CEO and PO. The post of W is neither just higher nor just lower than S.

Q86. Who among the following person is PO?
(a) U
(b) V
(c) W
(d) X
(e) None of these

Q87. Which of the following post W has?
(a) DGP
(b) MD
(c) PO
(d) Clerk
(e) None of these

Q88. How many persons are senior than V?
(a) None
(b) One
(c) Two
(d) Three
(e) More than three

Q89. Which of the following pair of combination is true, as per the given information?
(a) V-PO
(b) W-DGP
(c) S-CEO
(d) T-Clerk
(e) None is true

Q90. Four of the following five are alike in certain way based from a group, find the one which does not belong to that group?
(a) V-CEO
(b) S-DGP
(c) U-JE
(d) T-MD
(e) X-Clerk

Directions (91-94): Following questions are based on the five numbers given below, Study the given information and answer the following questions
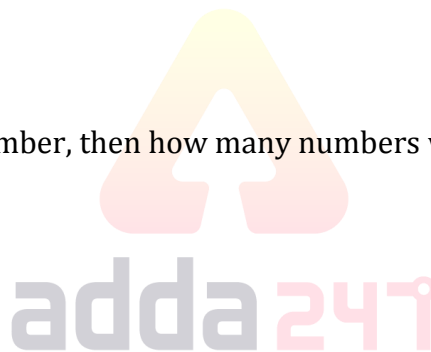**552   753   343   729   480**

Q91. If we interchanged the first and second digits of each number, then which number will become the third smallest among all?
(a) 552
(b) 753
(c) 729
(d) 480
(e) None of these

Q92. If we add all the digits of each number, then how many numbers will be divisible by 3?
(a) None
(b) Two
(c) One
(d) Three
(e) More than three

Q93. If we add '1' to each number and after that arrange them in descending order from left to right, then find the third number from the right end?
(a) 753
(b) 552
(c) 729
(d) 480
(e) 343

Q94. What is the difference between the third digit of the third number from the right end and first digit of the second number from the left end?
(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 6
(e) None of these

Q95. If we form a meaningful word by the first, second, fourth and eighth letter of the word 'TREASURE", then which of the following will be the first letter of the meaningful word thus formed. If more than one meaningful word is formed mark Y as your answer. If no meaningful word is formed, mark X as your answer?
(a) R
(b) E
(c) T
(d) Y
(e) X

Directions (96-100): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below

In a certain code language:
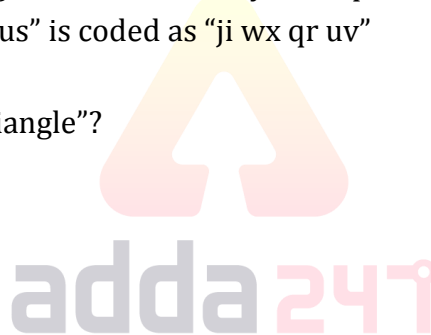"hexagon triangle circle octagon" is coded as "op mn kl ji"
"square rectangle triangle rhombus" is coded as "uv kl st qr"
"octagon parallelogram nonagon triangle" is coded as "kl yz wx op"
"hexagon square parallelogram rhombus" is coded as "ji wx qr uv"

Q96. What is the code for the word "triangle"?
(a) kl
(b) op
(c) Either (a) or (b)
(d) ji
(e) None of these

Q97. If "rhombus triangle parallelogram" is coded as "uv kl wx" then what could be the possible code for "rhombus cylinder octagon" in the given code language?
(a) uv op ji
(b) op wx uv
(c) ab uv op
(d) ji wx ab
(e) kl wx ji

Q98. What is the code for the word "hexagon"?
(a) kl
(b) ji
(c) wx
(d) mn
(e) op

Q99. "mn" is the code for which of the following word?
(a) octagon
(b) hexagon
(c) rhombus
(d) square
(e) None of these

Q100. What could be the possible code for "right triangle" in the given code language?
(a) ji kl
(b) wx kl
(c) qr uv
(d) ef kl
(e) wx mn